<u>Computing</u>

- generate solutions for dealing with cyberbullying

- compare and contrast online-only friends and in-person, face-to-face friends analyse why private information should not be given to anyone online without

Year 4 Curriculum Map – Autumn 1 Who were the Romans and what did we learn from them?

Music

- Steady beat
- Rhythmic and melodic patterns
- Recognising and/or reading simple notation and tonic sol-fa
- The first three notes of the C major scale are used (C, D, E)
- Minims, dotted crotchets, crotchets, quavers
- Talk about the song together Explore its musical style through the style indicators of this music and its performers Embed a deeper understanding connection to the song or music
- Learn to sing the song as part of an ensemble/choir
- Follow a leader/conductor
- Understand the meaning of the song
- Demonstrate and maintain correct posture and breath control
- Combine known rhythmic notation with letter names to create rising and falling phrases using just three notes (do, re and mi)
- Compose song accompaniments on untuned percussion using known
- To play and performan instrument part by ear from standard notation and
- Children will practise improvising using the notes: C C. D. E C. D. E. G. A
- The children can create using their imagination.
- The children can create using their imagination.
- Create and explain a simple melody with a musical shape using two, three, four or five notes Identify melodic intervals (a melody that leaps) and melodic steps (a melody that moves to the next note)
- Keep a record of the composition to play it again
- Structure musical ideas (eg using echo or question and answer phrases) to create music that has a beginning, middle and end.
- Pupils should compose in response to different stimuli, eq stories, verse, images (paintings and photographs) and musical sources
- Combine known rhythmic notation with letter names to create rising and falling phrases using just three notes (do, re and mi)
- Compose song accompaniments on untuned percussion using known rhythms and note values
- Share a performance of the learning that has taken place in class

PSHE

- Know how individual attitudes and actions make a difference to a class • Know about the different roles in the school community
- Know their place in the school community
- Know what democracy is (applied to pupil voice in school)
- · Know that their own actions affect themselves and others
- Know how groups work together to reach a consensus
- Know that having a voice and democracy benefits the school community • Identify the feelings associated with being included or excluded
- Can make others feel valued and included
- Be able to take on a role in a group discussion / task and contribute to the overall outcome
- Can make others feel cared for and welcomed
- Recognise the feelings of being motivated or unmotivated
- Understand why the school community benefits from a Learning Charter • Re able to belo friends make positive choices

• Count to 20.

- Ask somebody how they are feeling, their age, name and where they
- Say how we are feeling, how old we are, what our name is and where we live.
 - Apply rules of adjectival agreement when saying our nationality.

DT

- use ideas from other people when designing
- produce a plan and explain it
- persevere and adapt work when original ideas do not work
- communicate ideas in a range of ways, including by sketches and drawings which are annotated
- know which tools to use for a particular task and show knowledge of handling the tool
- know which material is likely to give the best outcome
- measure accurately
- evaluate and suggest improvements for design
- evaluate products for both their purpose and appearance
- explain how the original design has been improved
- present a product in an interesting way
- links scientific knowledge by using lights, switches or buzzers
- use electrical systems to enhance the quality of the product
- use IT, where appropriate, to add to the quality of the product

Geography